

Philippine Energy Plan (PEP) 2008 - 2030

**Public Consultation Series** 

A Presentation by

Electric Power Industry Management Bureau

Cebu City Sports Club, Cebu Business Park 18 July 2008

#### Outline of Presentation

- Power Supply and Demand Situation
- Power Generation and Transmission Projects
- Power Sector Reforms
- Expanded Rural Electrification Program

## Power Supply and Demand Situation



#### 2007 Power Generation and Transmission, PHILIPPINES

Grid	Installed Capacity (MW)	Dep. Capacity (MW)	Peak Demand (MW)
Luzon	12,172	10,029	6,643
Visayas	1,832	1,475	1,102
Mindanao	1,933	1,682	1,241
Total	15,937	13,186	8,987

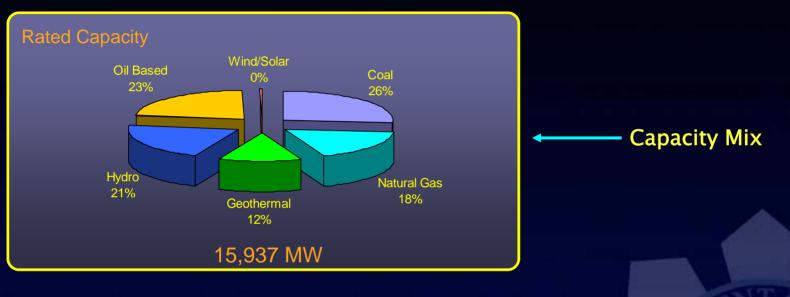
	PHILIPPINES		
PLANT	Installed (MW)	% Share	
Coal	4,213	26.4	
Natural Gas	2,834	17.8	
Geothermal	1,958	12.3	
Hydro	3,289	20.6	
Oil Based	3,616	22.7	
Wind	25	0.2	
Solar	1	0.0	
TOTAL	15,937	100	

GRID	Type of DUs	Total DUs	
	ECs	55	
Luzon	PIOUs	9	
Luzon	LGUOUs	5	
	Sub-Total	69	
	ECs	31	
Vicavas	PIOUs	4	
Visayas	LGUOUs	2	
	Sub-Total	37	
	ECs	33	
Mindanao	PIOUs	4	
IVIIIIuaiiau	LGUOUs	1	
	Sub-Total	38	
	ECs	119	
PHILIPPINES	PIOUs	17	
	LGUOUs	8	

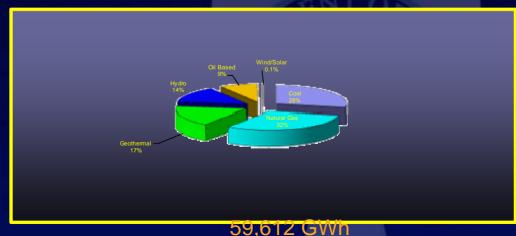
#### Interconnection

- Leyte-Luzon (440 MW)
- Leyte-Cebu (400 MW)
- Cebu-Negros (100 MW)
- Negros Panay (100 MW) Leyte-Bohol (100 MW)

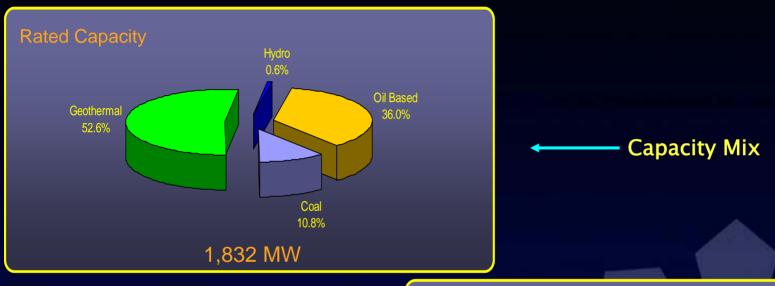
2007 Grid Capacity and Generation, PHILIPPINES



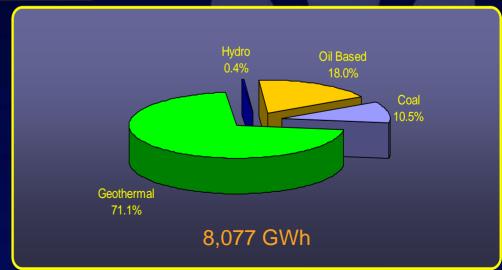
Generation Mix



2007 Grid Capacity and Generation, VISAYAS



Generation Mix



Note: Excluding SPUG generation

VISAYAS Dependable Capacity per Sub-Grid, Dec. 2007

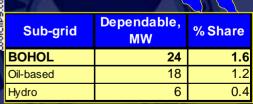
Sub-grid	Dependable Cap. (MW)	% Share
Cebu	377	25.5
Negros	190	12.9
Panay	217	14.7
Bohol	24	1.6
Leyte-Samar	667	45.2
Total Visayas	1,475	100

Sub-grid	Dependable, MW	% Share		
LEYTE-SAMAR	667	45.2		
Geothermal	665	45.1		
Hydro	2	0.1		

Sub-grid	Dependable, MW	% Share
CEBU	377	25.5
Coal	155	10.5
Oil-based	219	14.9
Hydro	2	0.1

Sub-grid	Dependable, MW	% Share	А
PANAY	217	14.7	
Oil-based	217	14.7	e 8
	Pan	àÿ	Sportings

Sub-grid	Dependable, MW	% Share
NEGROS	190	12.9
Geothermal	190	12.9
Hydro	0.8	0.1



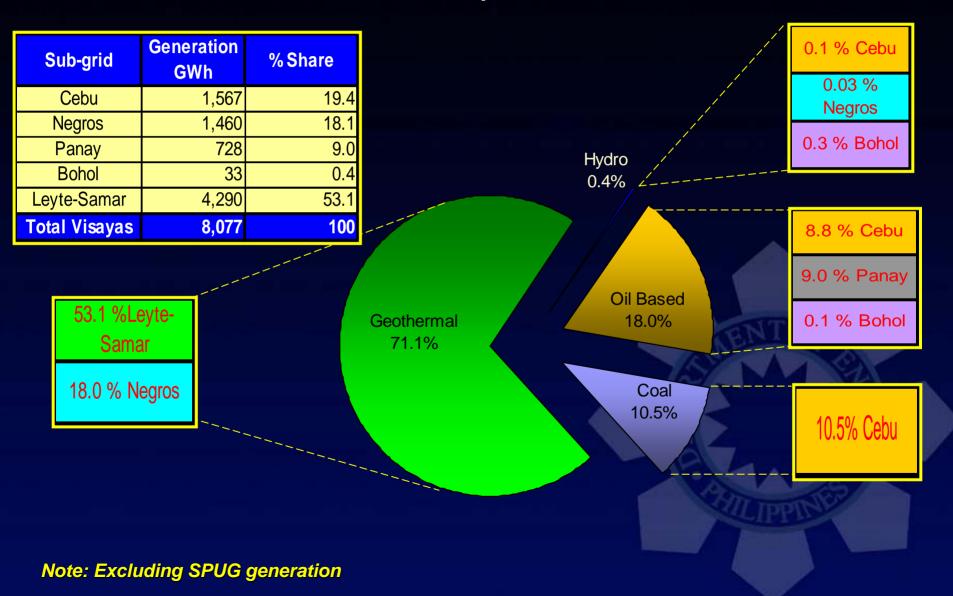
Bohol

Leyte-Samar

Negros

Note: Assuming all power plants are in operation.

2007 Generation Share per Sub-Grid, VISAYAS



2007 Dependable Generating Capacity and Demand VISAYAS

Sub-grid	Dep. Capacity (MW)	Non-Coincident Peak (MW)*	Rated (MW)
Cebu	377	512	(135)
Negros	190	221	(31)
Panay	217	201	16
Bohol	24	51	(27)
Leyte-Samar	667	194	473
Total Visayas	1,475	1,168	307

Note: Assuming all power plants are in operation. \*2007 Non-Coincident Peak

#### VISAYAS Generating Capacity and Demand, June 2008

#### at Maximum Peak Demand

			Res	erve
Sub-grid	Dependable Cap. (MW)	Max Peak (MW)	Low Dependable Capacity	High Dependable Capacity
Cebu	207-297	515	(308)	(218)
Negros	161-171	204	(42)	(32)
Panay	122-173	195	(74)	(22)
Bohol	19-21	49	(30)	(28)
Leyte-Samar	550-575	189	361	386
Total Visayas	1103 -1210	1,089	14	121

#### at Weekdays Average Peak Demand

		Average	Res	erve
Sub-grid	Dependable Cap. (MW)	Weekdays Peak (MW)	Low Dependable Capacity	High Dependable Capacity
Cebu	207-297	482	(275)	(185)
Negros	161-171	197	(36)	(26)
Panay	122-173	167	(45)	6
Bohol	19-21	47	(28)	(26)
Leyte-Samar	550-575	177	373	398
Total Visayas	1103 -1210	1,037	66	172

**Source of Data: TransCO Visayas System Operation** 

**Non-Coincident peak** 

#### Visayas Demand Forecast PDP 2008 - 2017



Note: Historical Peak based on TransCo System Peak not including embedded generator

#### Visayas Power Plant Line up

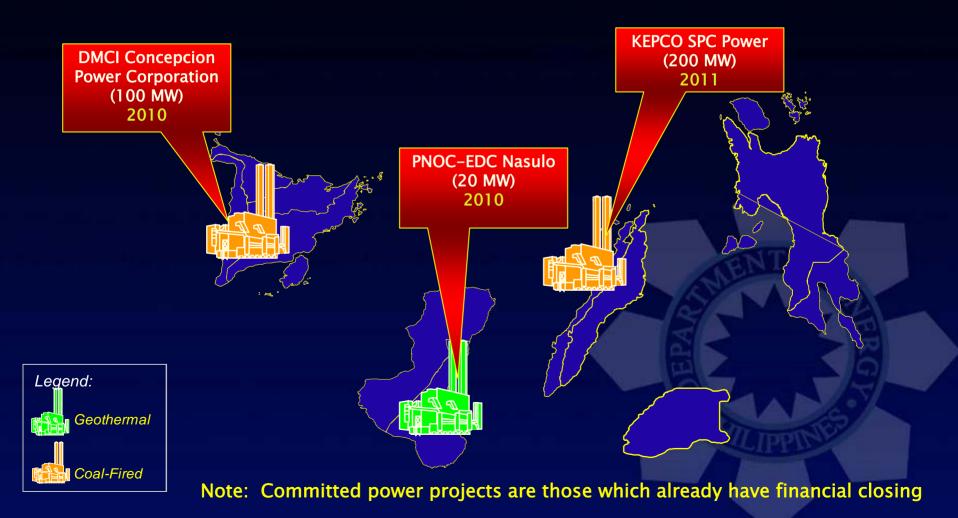
PDP 2008 - 2017

PDP 2008 - 2017				
Year	Power Plant	Projected Capacity Addition (MW)	Commulative Capacity Addition (MW)	
2008	<b>Peaking Plant</b>	50	50	
2009	<b>Peaking Plant</b>	100	150	
2010	Nasulo Geo	20	170	
2010	DMCI Coal	100	270	
2011	Kepco Coal	200	470	
2012			470	
2013	Baseload Plant	50	520	
2014	Baseload Plant	50	570	
2015	Baseload Plant	50	620	
2016	Baseload Plant	50	670	
2017	Baseload Plant	150	820	
Committed Projects		320		
Capacity Addition Requirements		500		
Total Committed & Capacity Add. 820				

# Power Generation and Transmission Projects

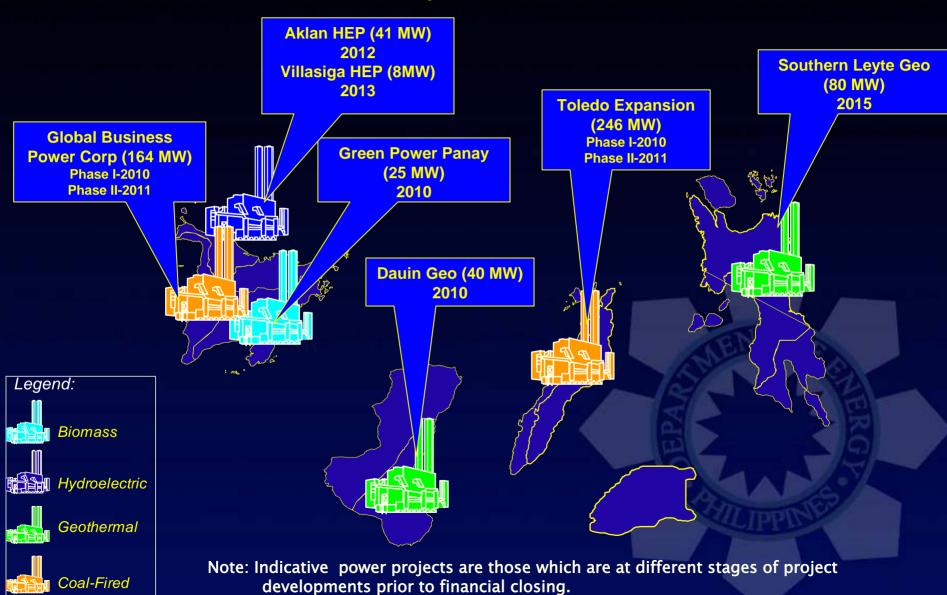
#### **Committed Power Projects**

Visayas Grid

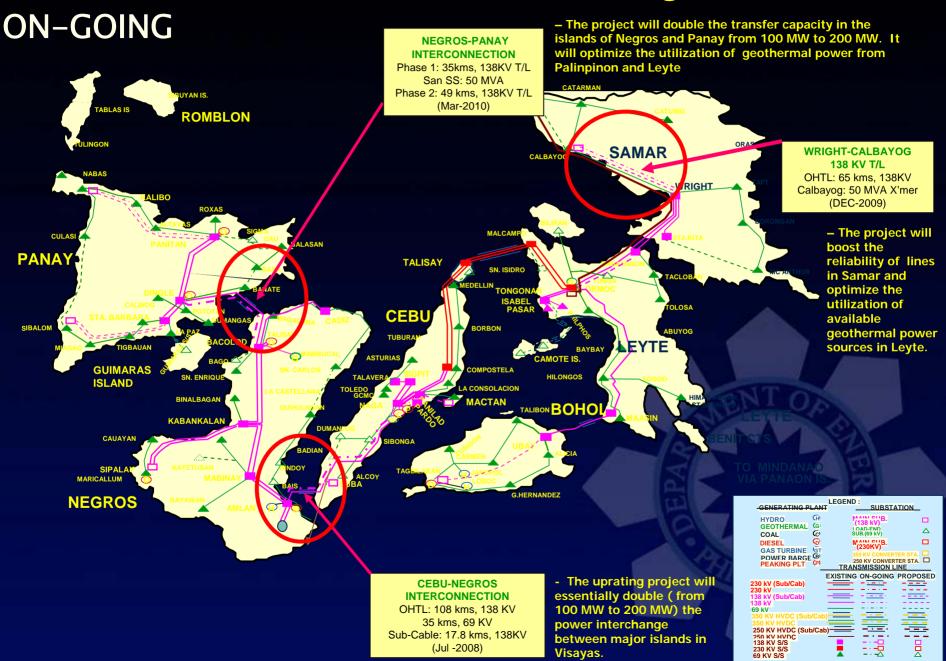


#### **Indicative Power Projects**

Visayas Grid



#### VISAYAS TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

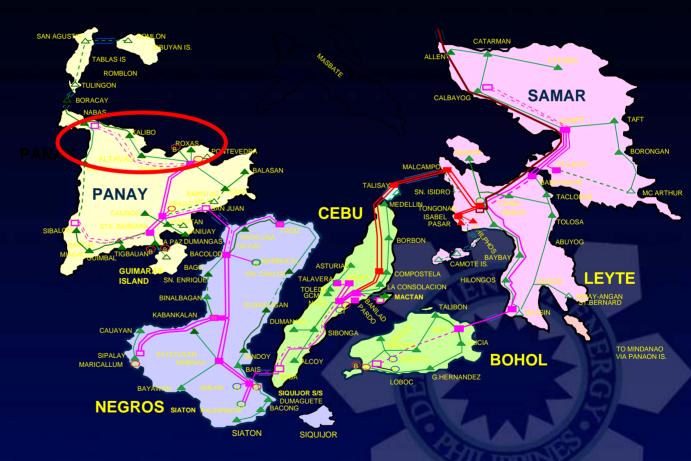


#### Northern Panay Backbone Project

**Project Location: Panay** 

Grid to be Served: Visayas

- Will extend the existing transmission backbone towards the northern part of Panay
- Will improve power delivery and ensure system integrity during system contingencies in order to meet expanding economic activities and greater number of consumers
- Scope: Panitan-Nabas138 KV T/L
- Caticlan S/S: 2x50 MVA



**INVESTMENT REQUIREMENT** 

**FINANCING SOURCE** 

TARGET COMPLETION

: PhP 1,370 M

Calyon/TransCo CAPEX

: December **2009** 

#### Southern Panay Backbone Project

**Project Location: Panay** 

Grid to be Served: Visayas

- Will extend the existing transmission backbone towards the southern part of Panay
- ➤ Will ensure the continuous flow of power and system integrity during system contingencies
- Scope: Sta. Barbara-Sibalom 138 KV T/L
- Sibalom S/S: 2x50 MVA



**INVESTMENT REQUIREMENT** 

FINANCING SOURCE

**TARGET COMPLETION** 

: PhP 1,884 M

: TransCo CAPEX

: Mar **2010** 

#### **Bohol Backbone Project Stage 1**

**Project Location: Bohol** 

Grid to be Served: Visayas

➤ Intended to upgrade
(138 KV T/L system)
of Bohol grid to spur
the economic
activities of the
island

- ➤ Installation of 138 KV T/L from Ubay to Tagbilaran
- Installation of 100MVA SS at Tagbilaran



**INVESTMENT REQUIREMENT** 

**FINANCING SOURCE** 

**TARGET COMPLETION** 

PhP 1,387 M

: TransCo CAPEX

: Aug 2011

#### **New Naga Substation Project**

**Project Location: Cebu** 

Grid to be Served: Visayas

Intended to enhance the reliability of Cebu grid and will address the separation of assets of TransCo's and NPC's facilities

Proposed connection of 200 MW KepCo CoalPlant

Consists of 1x50 MVA
 S/S & 16-138 KV PCB.



INVESTMENT REQUIREMENT FINANCING SOURCE TARGET COMPLETION

: PhP 1,126 M

: TransCo CAPEX

: Aug **2010** 

Power Sector Reforms Update

#### **Objectives of Power Sector Reforms**

Competition in the generation and supply sectors

Efficiency in the transmission and distribution sectors

#### REFORM BREAKTHROUGHS

Status of EPIRA Implementation

#### Unbundling

Rates are Structured and



Complied with.

Moving Towards A Competitive Power Market

**Cross-Subsidy Removal** 

Inter-Grid Sept. 2002 Intra-Grid Oct. 2005 Inter-Class Oct. 2005



Complied with.

WESM

- Luzon Commercial Operation in June 2006
- On-going assessment and preparation for WESM Visayas



Complied with.



#### **Privatization**

- Privatization level at 49% out of the 70% required
- TransCo Concessionaire Awarded
- By end-2008: To offer 2,107 MW
- By end-2009: To offer 1,461 MW
- By 2010: To offer 235.2 MW



On-going.



**open access and Retail Competition** 

#### REFORM BREAKTHROUGHS

### Status of EPIRA Implementation

- Successfully implemented Private Sector Participation (PSP) Program in remote and off-grid areas
  - SPUG PSP: Out of the 14 First Wave Areas: 8 have New Private Providers (NPPs), 3 on-going selection and 3 have yet to decide
  - QTP Program: On-going preparation for accreditation of first QTP applicant
- Sold subtransmission assets at P2.5Bn covering 1,845 circuit-kms. of lines and 16,947 structures

### Proposed Measures to Power Sector Challenges

#### Challenge - How to encourage Private Investments

- EPIRA no longer allows NPC to put up new power plants or incur new obligations with Independent Power Producers (IPPs)
  - New generating plants must be built by the private sector
  - Leaders and stakeholders of Negros and Panay must actively support and encourage private sector investment in the required power plants in these areas

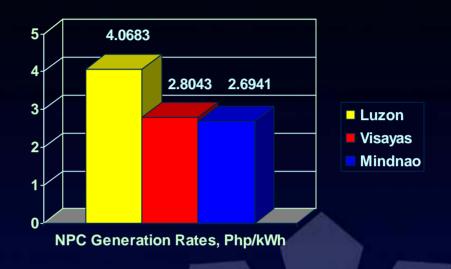
#### **Measures**

- Distribution Utilities to firm up their power supply requirements at cost effective rates
- Environmental review of the prospective power plants should be done according to Philippine Laws within a reasonable period of time
- Voluntary energy conservation by consumers

## Proposed Measures to Power Sector Challenges

#### Challenge

Existing grid rate in the Visayas is not that attractive for private sector to invest in new power plants



#### Measure

Provide justifiable and commercially viable power rates for private investments

## Proposed Measures to Power Sector Challenges

#### Challenge

Remove the barriers to entry of renewable energy in the grid

#### **Measures**

- Pursue accelerated passage of Renewable Energy Bill
- Distribution Utilities to establish a least cost portfolio of power supply contracts including renewable energy options
- Integrate environmental costs in the power rate regulation methodology

## **Expanded Rural Electrification Program**

#### **Barangay Electrification Situationer**

(As of 30 June 2008)



20,090 ----= 98.05% 20,489

399

**Unelectrified Barangays** 

#### **VISAYAS**

11,23<mark>1</del> ----- = 98.14% 11,444</mark>

213

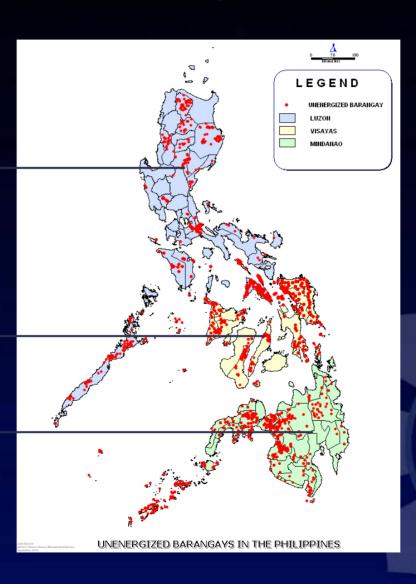
**Unelectrified Barangays** 

#### **MINDANAO**

9,377 -----= 93.33% 10,047

670

**Unelectrified Barangays** 



#### **PHILIPPINES**

40,698 ----- = 96.95% 41,980

41,980
Potential Barangays
Based on 2005 NCSO

1,282
Unelectrified Barangays

#### Barangay Electrification Situationer

(As of 30 June 2008)

Region	Potential Barangays	Electrified Barangays	Unelectrified Barangays	Electrification Level (%)
CAR	1,176	1,127	49	95.83%
I	3,265	3,264	1	99.97%
II	2,311	2,231	80	96.54%
III	3,102	3,097	5	99.84%
IV-A	4,011	3,947	64	98.40%
IV-B	1,458	1,409	49	96.64%
V	3,471	3,320	151	95.65%
NCR	1,695	1,695	-	100.00%
SUB-TOTAL (LUZON)	20,489	20,090	399	98.05%
VI	4,051	4,024	27	99.33%
VII	3,003	3,002	1	99.97%
VIII	4,390	4,205	185	95.79%
SUB-TOTAL (VISAYAS)	11,444	11,231	213	98.14%
IX	1,904	1,799	105	94.49%
X	2,020	1,934	86	95.74%
ΧI	1,160	1,157	3	99.74%
XII	1,194	1,134	60	94.97%
ARMM	2,459	2,065	394	83.98%
CARAGA	1,310	1,288	22	98.32%
SUBTOTAL (MINDANAO)	10,047	9,377	670	93.33%
TOTAL (PHILIPPINES)	41,980	40,698	1,282	96.95%

## Expanded Rural Electrification Program Objectives

- Achieve 100% barangays electrification by 2009 and 90% household electrification by 2017
- Support the Government's efforts to alleviate poverty
- Increase and accelerate access to electricity services

## **Expanded Rural Electrification Program Challenges**

- Majority of the remaining unenergized barangays are remote and dispersed
- Remaining unelectrified barangays are considered last miles – difficult to electrify, requiring extensive resources, time and effort
- Significant number of barangays have implementation issues, e.g. peace and order, security problems, uninhabited, etc.

## Expanded Rural Electrification Program Plans, Programs and Projects, 2008–2009

- ▶ DOE to energize 516 barangays to be funded under BEP, ER 1-94, RAES and SC 38
- NEA will energize 365 barangays under its Subsidy Program to Electric Cooperatives
- NPC-SPUG to energize 68 barangays through the PRES Project
- Private sector will energize 325 barangays
- Remaining 9 barangays will be energized through the DAR-SPOTS
- DOE to open up business opportunities for DUs in solar home system electrification

### Daghang Salamat!!!

www.doe.gov.ph